# INFOBRIEF【SRS 

# Graduate Enrollment Increases in Science and Engineering Fields, Especially in Engineering and Computer Sciences 

by Joan S. Burrelli

IIn fall 2001, approximately 429,500 students were enrolled in science and engineering (S\&E) programs at the graduate level, a 4 percent increase from the fall 2000 number of approximately 414,700 (table 1). Despite the increases, the number of science and engineering graduate students in 2001 was still below the 1993 peak of approximately 435,700 . Full-time enrollment increased 4 percent, while part-time enrollment increased 2 percent, from 2000 to 2001. About 70 percent of science and engineering graduate students are enrolled full time.

## Enrollment by Citizenship

An increase of students with temporary visas accounts for much of the recent increase in graduate science and engineering enrollment. Enrollment of students with temporary visas increased 9 percent from approximately 121,800 in 2000 to approximately 133,300 in 2001 (table 1). Increases for such students were greatest in engineering (up 11 percent) and computer sciences (up 16 percent) (figure 1). The number of computer sciences graduate students with temporary visas rose 133 percent between 1994 and 2001. Students with temporary visas now make up almost half of graduate students in computer sciences and in engineering.

The number of U.S. citizens and permanent residents enrolled in graduate science and engineering programs increased 1 percent from 2000 to 2001, reversing a decline that began in 1994. Among U.S. citizens and permanent residents, the number of white, non-

Hispanic graduate S\&E students was about the same in 2001 as it was in 2000 , signalling a possible halt in the decline in white enrollment. Between 1993 and 2001, enrollment of white graduate students in science and engineering programs dropped 20 percent. Minority enrollment in graduate $\mathrm{S} \& E$ programs increased from 2000 to 2001, continuing steady increases in most years throughout the period from 1993 to 2001. Enrollment of black and Hispanic graduate students rose 4 percent and enrollment of American Indian/Alaskan Native graduate students rose 5 percent from 2000 to 2001. The number of U.S. citizen and permanent resident Asians/Pacific Islanders enrolled in graduate S\&E programs increased 5 percent in that time period (table 1).

## Computer sciences enrollment was up

 10 percent.
## Enrollment by Field

Graduate enrollment rose in most science fields in 2001, although the numbers of students remained lower than in the early 1990s. The greatest gain in enrollment ( 10 percent) was in computer sciences. The only major field experiencing declines in enrollment was earth, atmospheric, and ocean sciences (down 1 percent) (table 2).

Engineering enrollment rose 5 percent in 2001, the third increase in as many years. Graduate enrollment in all

Table 1. Graduate student enrollment in science and engineering, by enrollment status, citizenship, and race/ethnicity: 1993-2001

| Characteristic | 1993 | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total. | 435,703 | 431,114 | 422,438 | 415,148 | 407,597 | 404,809 | 411,257 | 414,683 | 429,492 |
| Full time. | 293,902 | 292,975 | 287,164 | 284,033 | 280,664 | 278,941 | 283,911 | 292,020 | 304,476 |
| Part time. | 141,801 | 138,139 | 135,274 | 131,115 | 126,933 | 125,868 | 127,346 | 122,663 | 125,016 |
| Men. | 279,178 | 272,021 | 262,248 | 253,499 | 245,608 | 241,406 | 242,832 | 243,882 | 251,848 |
| Women. | 156,525 | 159,093 | 160,190 | 161,649 | 161,989 | 163,403 | 168,425 | 170,801 | 177,644 |
| U.S. citizens and permanent residents. | 330,037 | 328,998 | 323,935 | 317,043 | 308,636 | 302,837 | 301,367 | 292,845 | 296,194 |
| White, non-Hispanic. | 256,755 | 255,633 | 245,831 | 238,001 | 227,975 | 220,631 | 216,785 | 206,163 | 205,757 |
| Asian or Pacific Islander. | 24,047 | 26,470 | 25,901 | 25,928 | 26,012 | 26,724 | 27,575 | 26,226 | 27,659 |
| Black, non-Hispanic.. | 17,111 | 17,610 | 18,285 | 19,066 | 19,341 | 19,649 | 20,330 | 20,977 | 21,773 |
| Hispanic.... | 13,380 | 13,273 | 14,112 | 14,571 | 14,984 | 15,485 | 16,533 | 17,220 | 17,983 |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native . | 1,309 | 1,382 | 1,516 | 1,538 | 1,599 | 1,607 | 1,556 | 1,604 | 1,687 |
| Other or unknown race/ethnicity....... | 17,435 | 14,630 | 18,290 | 17,939 | 18,725 | 18,741 | 18,588 | 20,655 | 21,335 |
| Students with temporary visas......... | 105,666 | 102,116 | 98,503 | 98,105 | 98,961 | 101,972 | 109,890 | 121,838 | 133,298 |

SOURCE: National Science Foundation/Division of Science Resources Statistics, Survey of Graduate Students and Postdoctorates in Science and Engineering, 2001.

Figure 1. Graduate science and engineering enrollment of students with temporary visas, by field: 1994-2001


SOURCE: National Science Foundation/Division of Science Resources Statistics, Survey of Graduate Students and Postdoctorates in Science and Engineering, 2001.

Graduate Enrollment Increases in Science and Engineering Fields,...

Table 2. Graduate student enrollment in science and engineering, by field: 1994-2001

| Field | 1994 | 1995 | 1996 | 1997 | 1998 | 1999 | 2000 | 2001 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total, science and engineering fields. | 431,114 | 422,438 | 415,148 | 407,597 | 404,809 | 411,257 | 414,683 | 429,492 |
| Sciences, total. | 318,090 | 315,237 | 311,924 | 306,449 | 304,771 | 309,566 | 309,999 | 319,986 |
| Physical sciences, total. | 34,466 | 33,399 | 32,333 | 31,105 | 30,575 | 30,691 | 30,463 | 30,988 |
| Astronomy. | 973 | 912 | 874 | 778 | 820 | 832 | 888 | 916 |
| Chemistry... | 19,803 | 19,570 | 19,334 | 18,774 | 18,482 | 18,416 | 18,188 | 18,300 |
| Physics. | 13,162 | 12,425 | 11,728 | 11,147 | 10,809 | 10,869 | 10,836 | 11,264 |
| Other physical sciences | 528 | 492 | 397 | 406 | 464 | 574 | 551 | 508 |
| Earth, atmospheric and ocean sciences, total. | 15,957 | 15,716 | 15,183 | 14,548 | 14,258 | 14,083 | 13,940 | 13,841 |
| Atmospheric sciences. | 1,109 | 1,072 | 1,086 | 1,092 | 965 | 913 | 963 | 924 |
| Geosciences.. | 7,713 | 7,582 | 7,304 | 6,959 | 6,687 | 6,637 | 6,595 | 6,544 |
| Oceanography.. | 2,870 | 2,723 | 2,615 | 2,479 | 2,562 | 2,624 | 2,668 | 2,585 |
| Other earth, atmospheric, and ocean sciences. | 4,265 | 4,339 | 4,178 | 4,018 | 4,044 | 3,909 | 3,714 | 3,788 |
| Mathematical sciences | 19,573 | 18,504 | 18,008 | 16,719 | 16,485 | 16,257 | 15,646 | 16,663 |
| Computer sciences. | 34,158 | 33,458 | 34,626 | 35,991 | 38,027 | 42,560 | 47,594 | 52,196 |
| Agricultural sciences. | 12,242 | 12,422 | 11,974 | 11,852 | 11,844 | 11,988 | 11,684 | 11,911 |
| Biological sciences... | 58,033 | 58,680 | 58,060 | 57,044 | 56,994 | 57,115 | 56,494 | 57,826 |
| Psychology, total. | 54,554 | 53,641 | 53,122 | 53,126 | 52,557 | 51,864 | 50,704 | 50,798 |
| Social sciences, total. | 89,107 | 89,417 | 88,618 | 86,064 | 84,031 | 85,008 | 83,474 | 85,763 |
| Agricultural economics. | 2,289 | 2,338 | 2,117 | 2,043 | 1,995 | 2,014 | 2,079 | 2,161. |
| Anthropology.. | 7,665 | 7,693 | 7,773 | 7,560 | 7,577 | 7,633 | 7,633 | 7,491 |
| Economics | 12,913 | 12,673 | 12,080 | 11,097 | 10,701 | 10,562 | 10,778 | 11,340 |
| Geography.. | 4,502 | 4,371 | 4,331 | 4,287 | 4,326 | 4,250 | 4,044 | 4,276 |
| History and philosophy of science. | 387 | 401 | 409 | 443 | 508 | 557 | 532 | 571 |
| Linguistics.. | 3,279 | 3,194 | 3,156 | 3,068 | 2,935 | 2,799 | 2,674 | 2,744 |
| Political science | 34,317 | 34,298 | 33,252 | 32,083 | 30,828 | 31,381 | 31,179 | 31,850 |
| Sociology.... | 9,498 | 9,564 | 9,425 | 9,413 | 9,058 | 8,966 | 8,689 | 8,775 |
| Sociology/anthropology | 987 | 941 | 923 | 948 | 857 | 741 | 745 | 808 |
| Other social sciences.. | 13,270 | 13,944 | 15,152 | 15,122 | 15,246 | 16,105 | 15,121 | 15,747 |
| Engineering, total.. | 113,024 | 107,201 | 103,224 | 101,148 | 100,038 | 101,691 | 104,684 | 109,506 |
| Aerospace engineering.. | 3,715 | 3,343 | 3,208 | 3,083 | 3,137 | 3,349 | 3,407 | 3,485 |
| Biomedical engineering. | 2,750 | 2,732 | 2,732 | 2,847 | 2,905 | 3,121 | 3,241 | 3,593 |
| Chemical engineering.... | 7,639 | 7,452 | 7,408 | 7,288 | 7,093 | 6,883 | 7,093 | 6,913 |
| Civil engineering.. | 19,925 | 19,218 | 18,528 | 17,193 | 16,517 | 16,226 | 16,494 | 16,604 |
| Electrical engineering.... | 33,020 | 30,721 | 29,702 | 30,548 | 31,129 | 31,382 | 33,318 | 35,745 |
| Industrial/manufacturing engineering. | 13,992 | 13,475 | 12,675 | 11,957 | 11,221 | 11,803 | 12,253 | 12,940 |
| Mechanical engineering....... | 17,761 | 16,363 | 15,509 | 15,045 | 14,696 | 14,956 | 15,457 | 15,831 |
| Metallurgical/materials engineering....... | 5,228 | 4,956 | 4,747 | 4,688 | 4,680 | 4,481 | 4,377 | 4,721 |
| Other engineering................................... | 14,222 | 13,897 | 13,462 | 13,187 | 13,340 | 13,971 | 13,421 | 14,395 |

SOURCE: National Science Foundation/Division of Science Resources Statistics, Survey of Graduate Students and Postdoctorates Science and Engineering, 2001.
engineering fields rose，with the exception of chemical engineering．The engineering fields with the greatest gains were biomedical engineering（up 11 percent）， metallurgical／materials engineering（up 8 percent），and electrical engineering（up 7 percent）．

Data presented in this InfoBrief are from the fall 2001 Survey of Graduate Students and Postdoctorates in Science and Engineering．Data were collected from approximately 12,000 departments at approximately 600 institutions of higher education in the United States and outlying areas．The departmental response rate was 99 percent；however， 14 percent of the responding departments required partial imputation of missing data．

More detailed data are available in the forthcoming report，Graduate Students and Postdoctorates in Science and Engineering：Fall 2001.

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